

# **EQUALITY POLICY**



Name of Author Approved by Approval dates

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Chief Executive Officer Board of Directors 16 March 2016 (version 1) October 2017 (version 2) March 2018

Equality Policy 2017 – Version 2



#### **Foreword**

In 2011 Hockey Wales launched its vision not only to significantly increase its membership, increase its European ranking and produce top class players to represent Great Britain at international level but also to dramatically increase the number of youngsters exposed to the game.

This part of the vision will only be achieved if we as a national governing body and our clubs reach out to a wide range of community groups and go beyond the traditional hockey player.

In 2012 Hockey Wales demonstrated its commitment to equality by signing up to the Equality Standard for Sport and achieved the first of 4 levels – the foundation level, it is this standard and framework which will help guide and support our equality work over the coming years.

Hockey Wales not only promotes, supports, and develops its equality practices for its members and potential members but also promotes equality internally for staff and board members and prides itself on being an equal opportunities employer.

#### **Policy Statement**

**HOCKEY WALES** endorses the principle of sports equality and will strive to ensure that everyone who wishes to be involved in hockey, whether as members, participants, volunteers, coaches, officials, or those within Hockey Wales:

- has a genuine and equal opportunity to participate to the full extent of their own ambitions and abilities, without regard to their age, sex, gender identity, disability, marital or civil partnership status, pregnancy or maternity, religion, race, ethnic origin, nationality, colour, socioeconomic status, or sexual orientation; and
- can be assured of an environment in which their rights, dignity and individual worth are respected, and in particular that they are able to enjoy their sport without the threat of intimidation, victimisation, harassment, or abuse.

## **Legal obligations**

Hockey Wales is committed to avoid and eliminate unfair discrimination of any kind in Hockey, and will under no circumstances condone unlawful discriminatory practices. The organisation takes a zero-tolerance approach to harassment. Examples of the relevant legislation and the behaviours in question are given in the Appendix.

# **Positive action**

The principle of Sports Equality goes further than simply complying with legislation. It entails taking positive steps to counteract the effects of physical or cultural barriers – whether real or perceived – that restrict the opportunity for all sections of the community to participate equally and fully.

Hockey Wales will therefore seek to institute, support, or contribute to appropriate measures or initiatives that enable access to Hockey and participation in associated activities by people from any group that is under-represented in the sport or has difficulty accessing it.



#### Implementation

The following steps will be taken to publicize this policy and promote sports equality in Hockey: -

- A copy of this document will be published on the Hockey Wales website (www.hockeywales.org.uk)
- The Hockey Wales Chair will take overall responsibility for ensuring that the policy is observed.
- The Hockey Wales National Board will take full account of the policy in arriving at all decisions in relation to activities of the Hockey Wales.
- Hockey Wales will collaborate fully with any surveys or other initiatives designed to assess the level of participation of different sections of the community in Hockey and will take account of the findings in developing measures to promote and enhance sports equality in Hockey.
- Hockey Wales will provide access to training for all of its Executive Committee Members to raise awareness of both collective and individual responsibilities.
- It will be a condition of Hockey Wales affiliation that member clubs:
  - o formally adopt this policy, or produce their own equality and diversity policy in terms that are consistent with it; and
  - take steps to ensure that their Committees, members, and volunteers behave in accordance with the policy, including where appropriate taking disciplinary action under the Club's constitution; and
  - o ensure that access to membership is open and inclusive
  - o support such measures and initiatives that Hockey Wales may institute or take part in to advance the aims of this policy.
- It will be a condition of Hockey wales membership that individual and corporate members
  - o commit to act in accordance with this policy; and
  - o support such measures and initiatives that Hockey Wales may institute or take part in to advance the aims of this policy.



# 1. Responsibility, Monitoring, and Evaluation

The Hockey Board will be responsible for ensuring the implementation of this policy.

The Hockey Board will review all Hockey Wales activities and initiatives against the aims of the policy on an annual basis, and the Chair will report formally on this issue at the AGM.

The National Board, or where appropriate a designated project leader (equality lead officer), will review any measures or initiatives that Hockey Wales may institute or take part in to promote and enhance sports equality in Hockey, and will report their findings formally to the AGM via the annual report.

The National Board will review the policy itself at intervals of no more than three years, (or when necessary due to changes in legislation) and will report with recommendations to the AGM.

## 2. Complaints and compliance

Hockey Wales regards all of the forms of discriminatory behaviour, including (but not limited to) behaviour described in the Appendix as unacceptable, and is concerned to ensure that individuals feel able to raise any bona fide grievance or complaint related to such behaviour without fear of being penalised for doing so.

Appropriate disciplinary action will be taken against any employee, member or volunteer who violates the Hockey Wales Equality and Diversity Policy.

Any person who believes that he or she has been treated in a way that they consider to be in breach of this policy by a member club, individual member, or corporate member of Hockey Wales, should first complain to that person or organisation. If this does not resolve the matter, or in the case of allegations of discriminatory behaviour against Hockey Wales itself, the person may raise the matter by writing directly to the Chair. Contact details are available through the website (<a href="https://www.hockeywales.org.uk">www.hockeywales.org.uk</a>)

The Chair will investigate the complaint personally or appoint a Committee or a suitable board member (e.g. Equality Champion) to do so. The investigation will be conducted impartially, confidentially, and without avoidable delay. Any person or organisation against whom a complaint has been made will be informed of what is alleged and given the opportunity to present their side of the matter.

The outcome of the investigation will be notified to the parties in writing and reported to the Hockey Wales National Board. If the investigation reveals unacceptable discriminatory behaviour on the part of an individual member, corporate member, or member club the Committee may impose sanctions on that person or organisation in line with the Hockey Wales disciplinary policy and procedures. Sanctions may range from a written reminder concerning future conduct up to and including temporary or permanent expulsion from Hockey Wales membership. In deciding what sanction is appropriate in a particular case the National Board or appointed committee will consider the severity of the matter and take account of any mitigating circumstances.

Where the violation of the Equality Policy by way of harassment, victimisation or discrimination amount to a criminal offence, the appropriate authority will be informed.

In the event that an individual or organisation associated with Hockey Wales is subject to allegations of unlawful discrimination in a court or tribunal, the Hockey Wales National Board will co-operate fully



with any investigation carried out by the relevant lawful authorities and, subject to the outcome, may consider taking action as above in relation to the matter concerned.

# 3. APPENDIX – Relevant legislation and forms of unacceptable discrimination

#### **Legal rights**

Discrimination has been legally defined through a series of legislative acts, including the Race Relations Act, the Sex Discrimination Act, the Disability Discrimination Act, and the Equality Act 2006.

In April 2010, the Equality Act 2010 received Royal Assent. The Equality Act 2010 is a new law which harmonises where possible, and in some cases, extends, protection from discrimination. It applies throughout the UK and came into force in October 2010.

Discrimination refers to unfavourable treatment on the basis of particular characteristics, which are known as the 'protected characteristics'. Under the Equality Act 2010, the protected characteristics are defined as age (employment only until 2012), disability, gender reassignment, marital or civil partnership status (employment only), pregnancy and maternity, race (which includes ethnic or national origin, colour, or nationality), religion or belief, sex (gender) and sexual orientation.

Under the Equality Act 2010, individuals are protected from discrimination 'on grounds of' a protected characteristic<sup>1</sup>. This means that individuals will be protected if they have a characteristic, are assumed to have it, associate with someone who has it or with someone who is assumed to have it.

# Forms of discrimination and discriminatory behaviour include the following:

## 4. Direct discrimination

Direct discrimination can be described as less favourable treatment on the grounds of one of the protected characteristics.

#### 5. Indirect discrimination

Indirect discrimination occurs when a provision, criterion or practice is applied to an individual or group that would put persons of a particular characteristic at a particular disadvantage compared with other persons.

# 6. Discrimination arising from disability

When a disabled person is treated unfavourably because of something connected with their disability and this unfavourable treatment cannot be justified, this is unlawful. This type of discrimination only relates to disability.

#### 7. Harassment

Harassment is defined as unwanted conduct relating to a protected characteristic that has the purpose or effect of violating a person's dignity, or which creates an intimidating or hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for that person.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exception to this is pregnancy and maternity, which does not include protection by association or assumption – a woman is only protected from discrimination on grounds of her own pregnancy.



#### 8. Victimisation

It is unlawful to treat a person less favourably because he or she has made allegations or brought proceedings under the anti-discrimination legislation, or because they have helped another person to do so. To do so would constitute victimisation.

# 9. Bullying

Bullying is defined as a form of personal harassment involving the misuse of power, influence, or position to persistently criticise, humiliate or undermine an individual.

#### **Further Information**

For further information about any aspect of Hockey Wales Equality Policy, please contact:

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